# Crayfish 101: An Introduction to Crayfish Biology and Identification





Tyler Black, Ph.D. and T. R. Russ NC Wildlife Resources Commission

NORTH



# What's a Crawdad?



# Agenda

### Information

- Classification/Distribution
- Biology and Conservation
- Invasive species impacts
- Morphology
- Identification

# Information

- H.H. Hobbs, Jr., 1972 Biota of Freshwater Ecosystems: Identification Manual No. 9. Crayfishes (Astacidae) of North and Middle America. For the Environmental Protection Agency, Project #18050 ELD.
- H.H. Hobbs, Jr., 1989. An illustrated checklist of the American crayfishes (Decapoda: Astacidae, Cambaridae, Parastacidae). Smithsonian Contributions to Zoology 480:1-236.
- H.H. Hobbs, III, 1991. In Thorp and Covich: Ecology and Classification of North American Freshwater Invertebrates, Academic Press.
- > D.M. Holdich, 2002. Biology of Freshwater Crayfish, Blackwell Science.
- Taylor et al. 2007. A Reassessment of the Conservation Status of Crayfishes of the United States and Canada after 10+ Years of Increased Awareness. Fisheries 32(8):372-389.
- Online resources NCWRC website & Dr. Jim Fetzner Carnegie MNH
- Original descriptions

# Horton H. Hobbs, Jr. 1914 - 1994

- 200+ publications
- Descriptions
  - 168 Crayfishes (~46%)
     29 genera and subgenera
     104 Ostracods
  - 8 Shrimps
  - ➢ 6 Crabs
  - > And....1 Hush puppy recipe

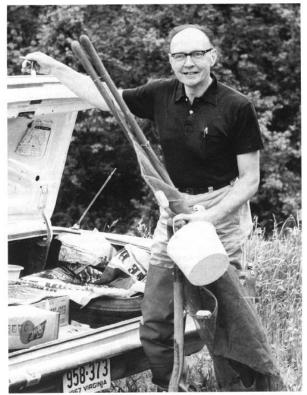
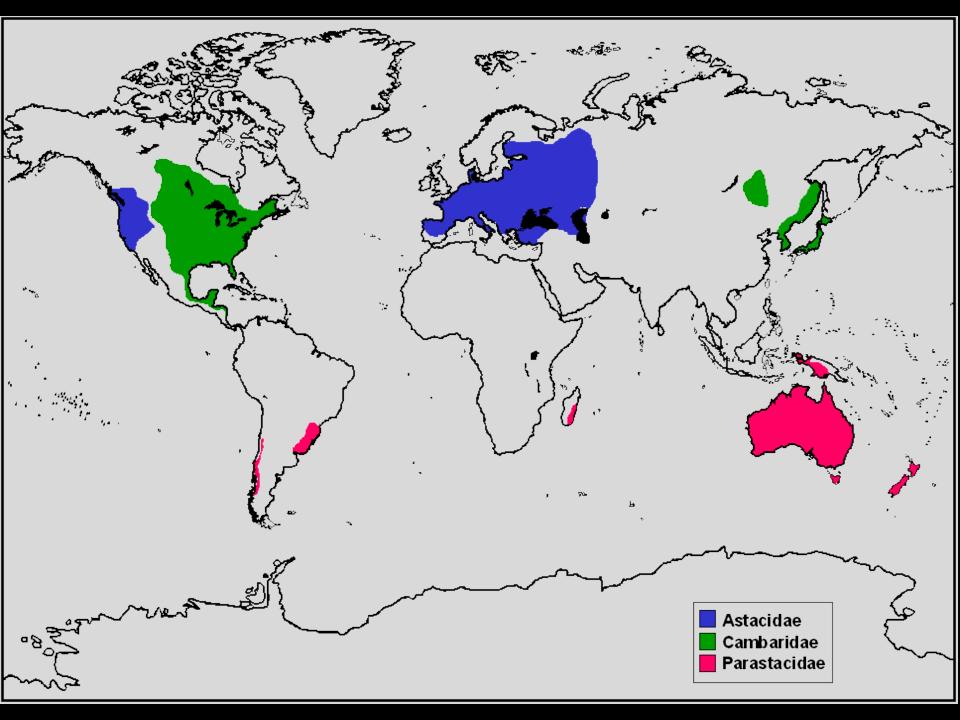


Fig. 1. Hobbs collecting after the 1967 meeting of the Association of Southeastern Biologists, Columbia South Carolina (J. E. Fitzpatrick, Jr. and Hobbs III).

"Oh Hobbs. He writes faster than I can read"

# Classification

Phylum Arthropoda Subphylum Crustacea **Class Malacostraca** Order Decapoda: shrimps, crabs, lobsters Superfamily Astacoidea – N. Hemisphere **Family Astacidae** Family Cambaridae Superfamily Parastacoidea – S. Hemisphere **Family Parastacidae** 



# Genera of North America

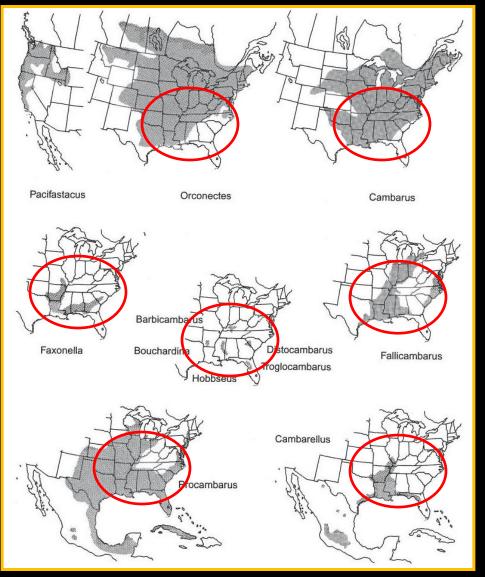
### Astacidae

Pacifasticus (7)

### Cambaridae

- Barbicambarus (2)
- Bouchardina (1)
- Cambarellus (8)
- Cambarus (98)
- Distocambarus (5)
- Fallicambarus (16)
- Faxonella (4)
- Hobbseus (7)
- Orconectes (90)
- Procambarus (125)
- Troglocambarus (1)

# Genera of North America



(From Hobbs III, 1991)

### NC Taxa

### 49+ taxa, 4 genera

# 44 Native (17 type localities)5 Introduced

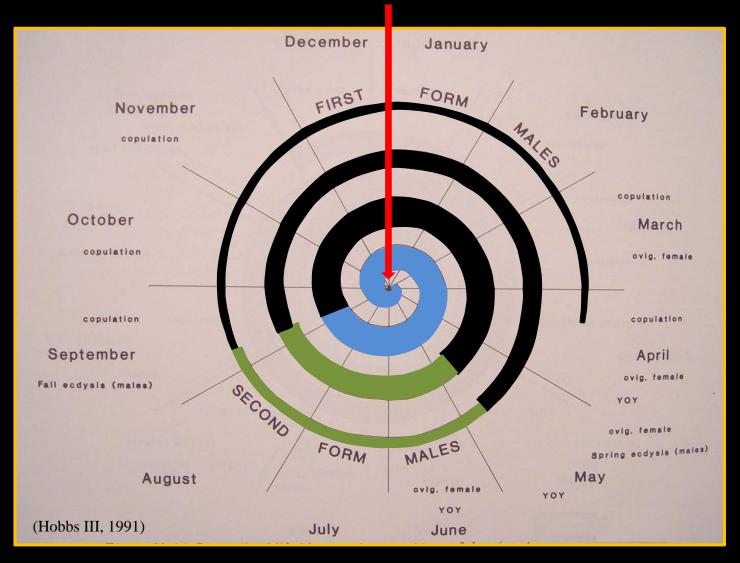
Cambarus (31)
Fallicambarus (1)
Orconectes (8)
Procambarus (9)

Life Cycle

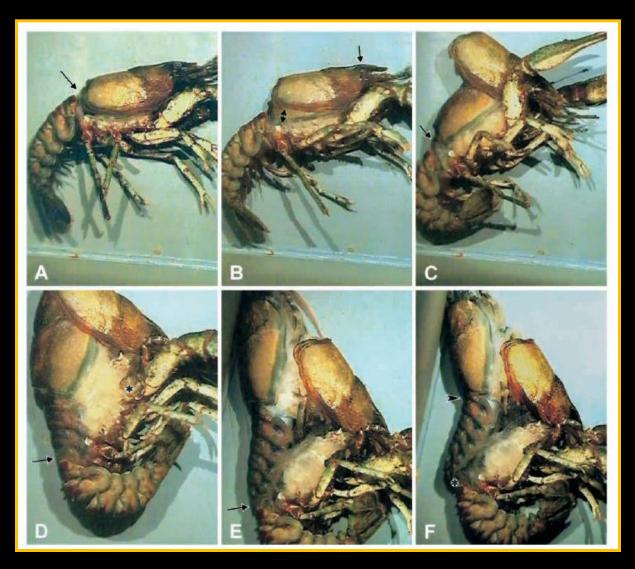
Egg
Immature (direct development)
Adult Female
Adult Male
Form I
Form II

# General Life Cycle

### **START HERE!**



# Molting



http://www.crayfishmates.com/crayfish\_forum/uploads/1232285800/gallery\_1\_24\_92405.jpg

# Regeneration and....ID issues



### Female vs. Male

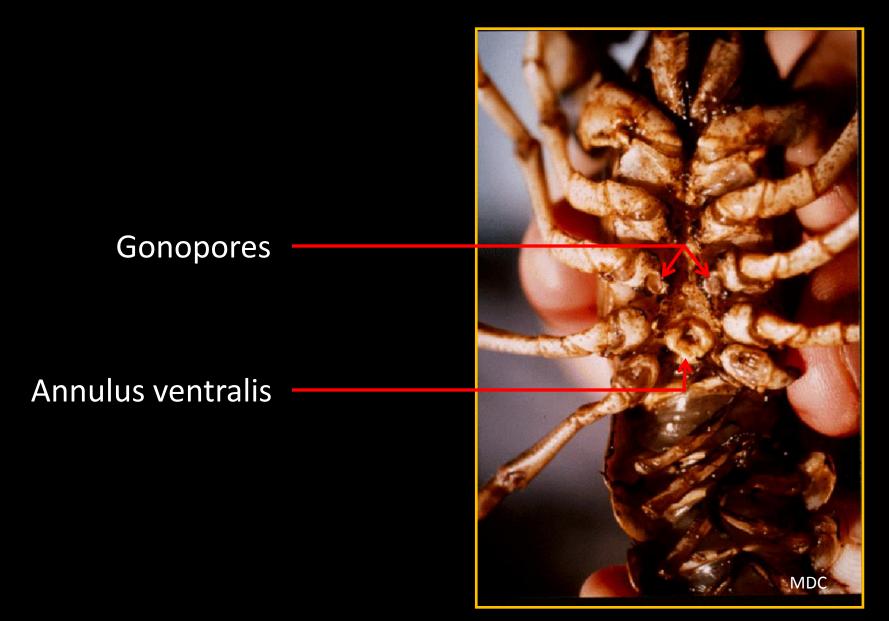




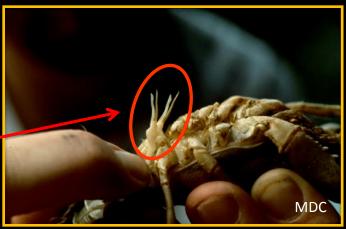
### Gonopods

Orconectes ozarkae (Ozark Crayfish)

# Female



# Male



### Gonopods

Male *Orconectes* sp.



Male Cambarus sp.

# Male I vs. Male II



Form I

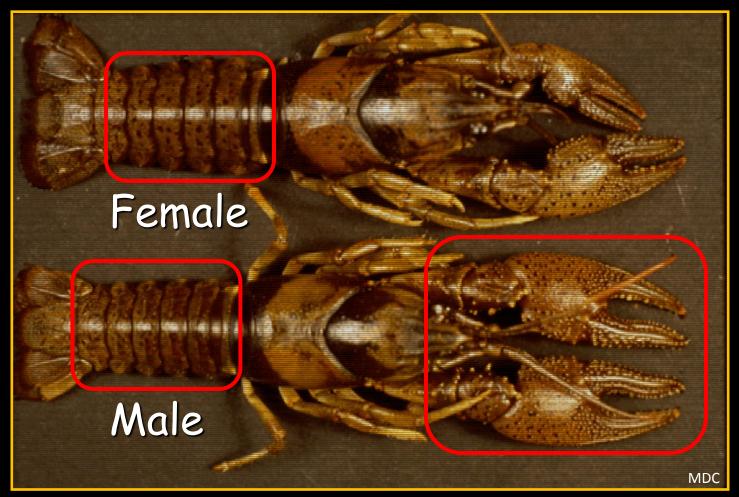
- Reproductively active
- Corneous
- Longer and more definition
- Featherlike



### Form II

- Reproductively inactive
- Reddish or orange tip
- Blunt
- Hard

# Female vs. Male



Orconectes ozarkae (Ozark Crayfish)

# Reproduction



*Cambarus batchi* (Bluegrass Crayfish)



Photos courtesy of MDC

# Sperm plug



Orconectes quadrucnus (St. Francis River Crayfish)

# Glair Glands



Female *Orconectes* sp.

# Ovigerous "In Berry"



# Development



Orconectes luteus (Golden Crayfish) hatchlings

# Hatchlings



### Diet

### Typically considered omnivores and scavengers

Carnivores

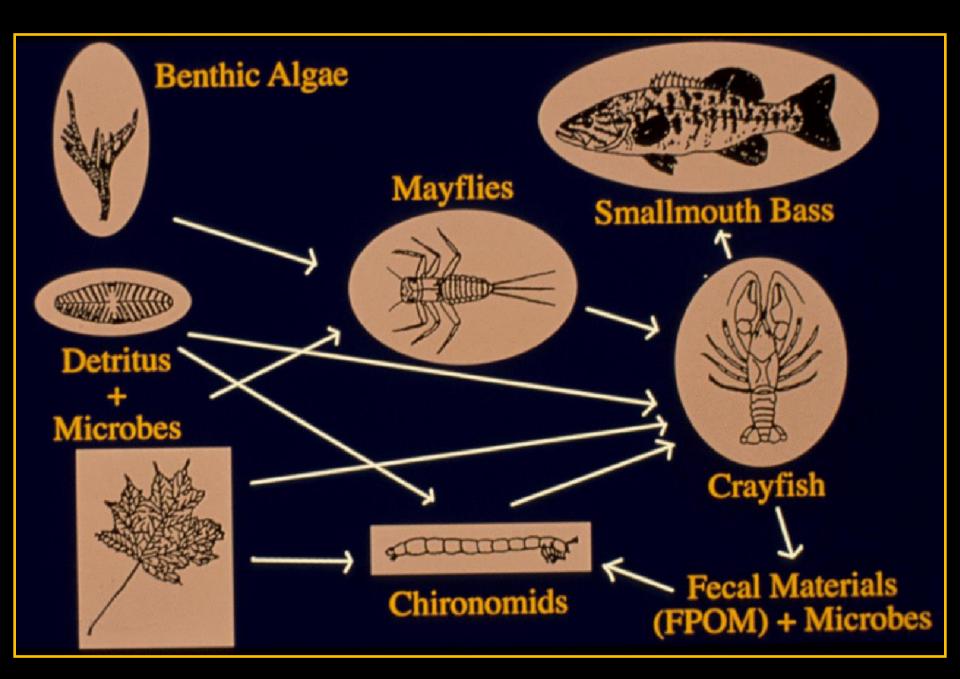
Considerable variation likely

### **Predators**

Fish – 81 species
 Birds – 77 species
 Reptiles – 40 species
 Amphibians – 18 species
 Mammals – 18 species



Smallmouth Bass & Orconectes ozarkae



### Longevity

### Sexual maturity $\geq$ 1 year

➤ Life span ≈ 5 years
➤ Exceptions! Cave dwelling species > 20 years?

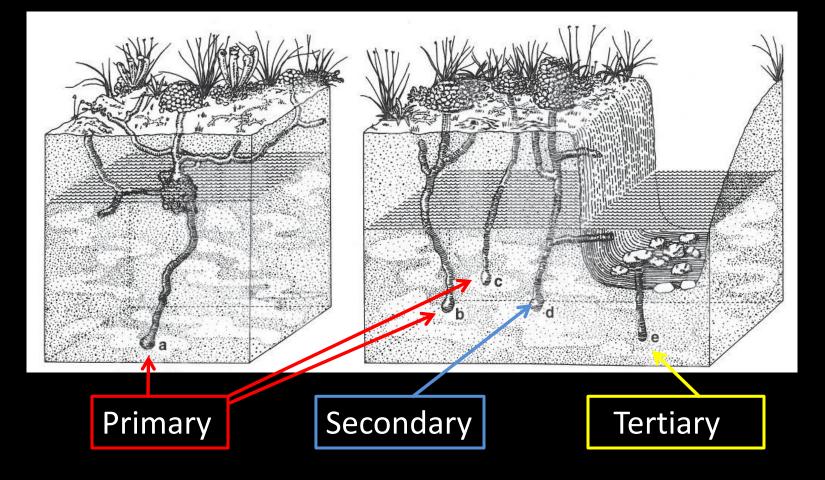
### Habitat

# Water = Crayfish habitat Streams and rivers Lakes and ponds Wetlands/marshes Ditches Underground burrows Caves

### Habitat Partitioning

➢ Species➢ Age

### Habitat - Burrows



### Conservation

### Taylor et al. 2007

363 taxa
 2 (<1%) – Possibly extinct</li>
 66 (18%) – Endangered
 52 (14%) – Threatened
 54 (15%) – Vulnerable
 189 (52%) – Stable

Federally listed species - 4

### Conservation

### Threats

Restricted range
 Habitat loss and fragmentation
 Introduced species
 Disease

# Collection

### Surface waters

➢Seines

►Traps

Dip nets

➢ Electrofishing



# Collection

Burrowers
Excavation
Traps
Hook and Line
Night Surveys





# Preservation of specimens

### 70% Ethanol

- Best for long-term storage
- Specimens remain flexible

### 95% Ethanol

- Higher likelihood of future DNA extraction
- Specimens become stiff and fragile

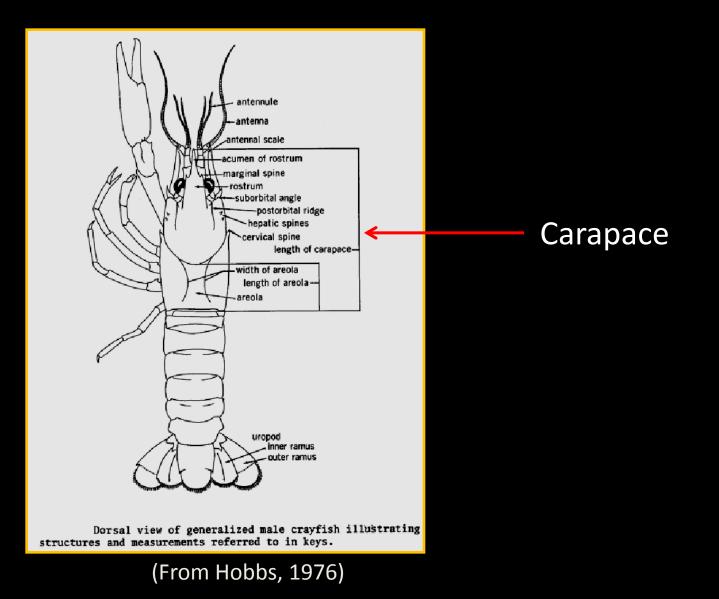
### 40% Isopropanol

> Ok, but tends to make specimens stiff and fragile

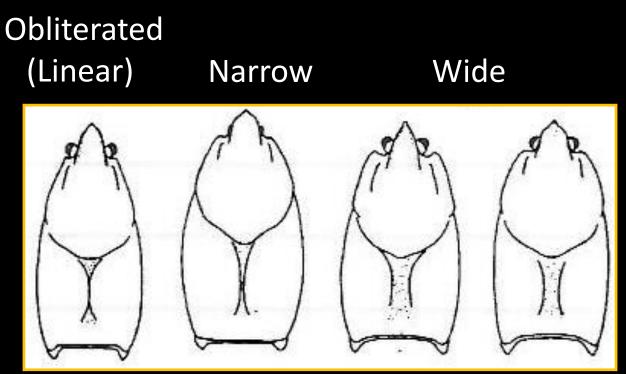
### ➤ Formalin?

#### **The Basics**

- Compound eyes on stalks
- ➤ 10 pr. of appendages (non-feeding)
- ▶ 2 pr. of antennae
- Two body regions
  - Cephalothorax
  - ≻Abdomen



### Areola width

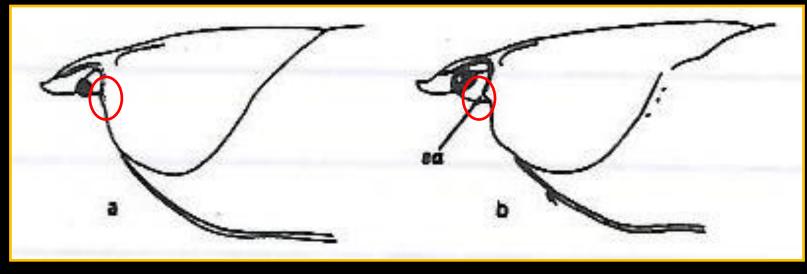


From Hobbs, 1972

### **Suborbital angle**

#### Obsolete

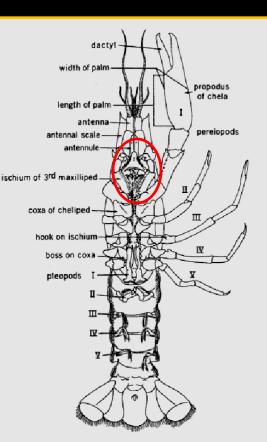
Acute



From Hobbs, 1972

#### **Appendages of the Head**

- 1 pair of mandiblesChewing
- 2 pair of maxillae
  - Grasp food
  - Baling water
- ➤ 3 pair of maxillipeds
  - ➢ Feeding
  - Cleaning
  - ➤ Baling water

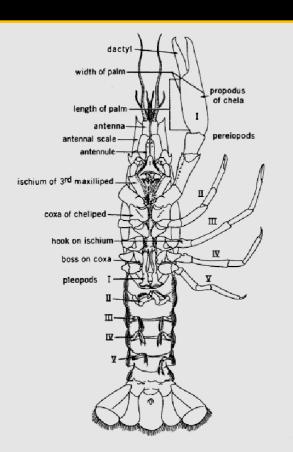


Ventral view of generalized male crayfish illustrating structures and measurements referred to in keys.

#### Cephalothorax

Five pair of walking legs
 1<sup>st</sup> three pair are chelate
 1<sup>st</sup> pair = cheliped

 Each leg with seven segments
 Coxa, basis, ischium, merus, carpus, propodus, and dactyl

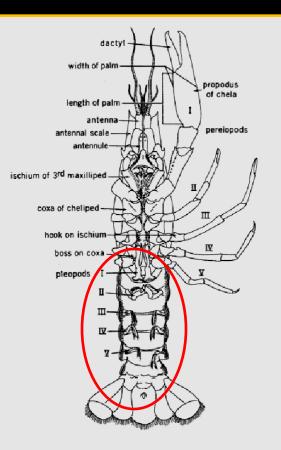


Ventral view of generalized male crayfish illustrating structures and measurements referred to in keys.

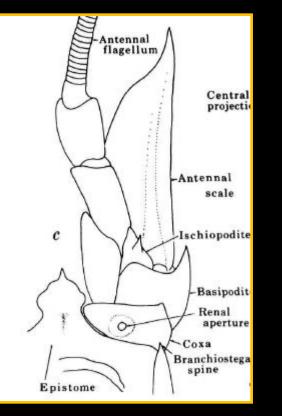
#### Abdomen

Pleopods (swimmerets)
 1<sup>st</sup> 5 segments
 Males – 1<sup>st</sup> two are modified
 Females – no modification

6<sup>th</sup> segment with:
 Telson (median)
 Uropods (lateral)

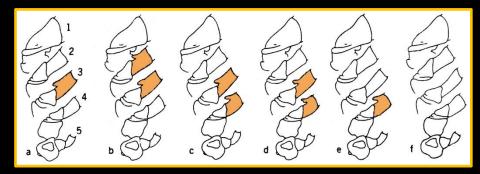


Ventral view of generalized male crayfish illustrating structures and measurements referred to in keys.





#### Ischial hooks



#### Chelae

Robustness (e.g. slender vs heavy)

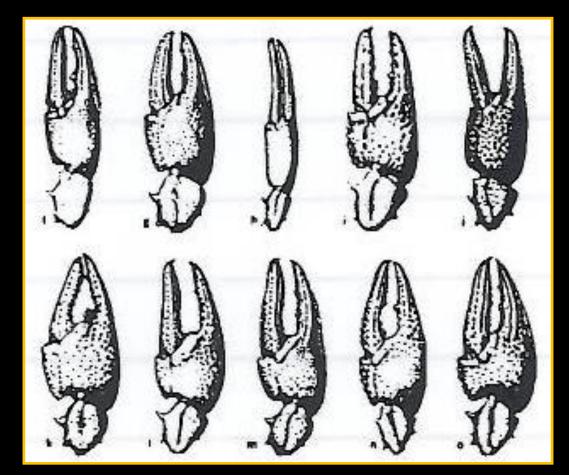
#### Dactyl notch

- Tubercles on palm
  - Rows, shape, number
- Overall shape of chelae
  - Subtriangular, quadrate, etc.
- Setae

#### ➢ Ridges

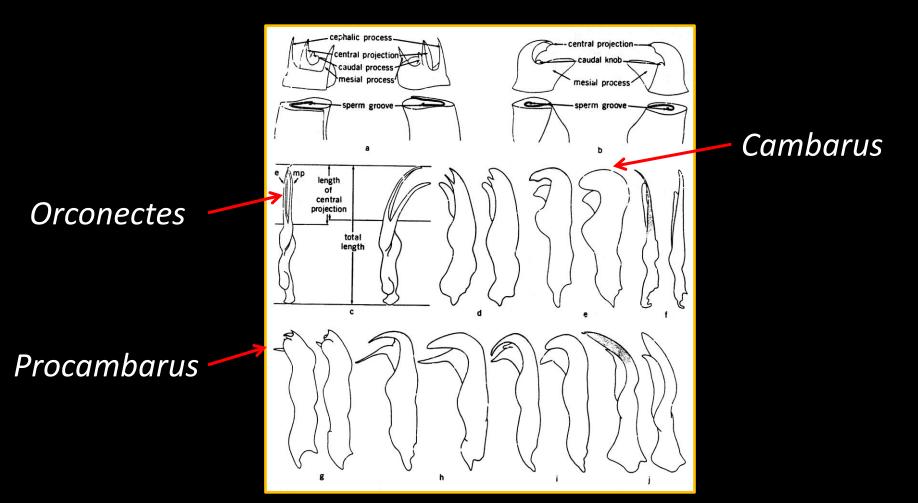


#### Chelae

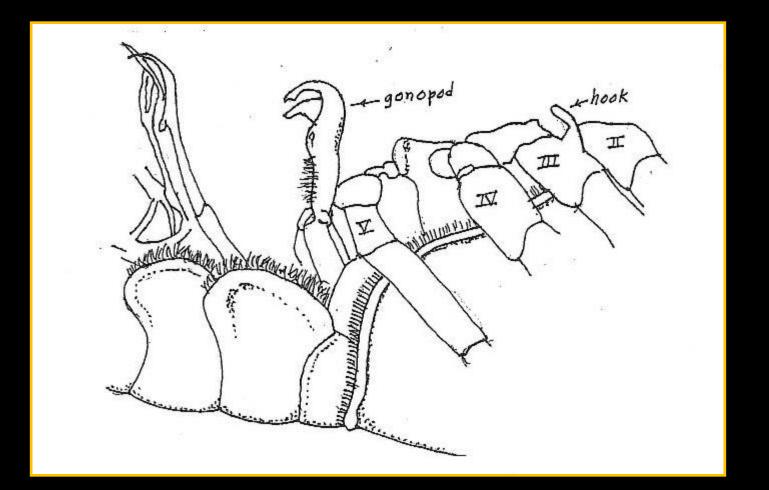


(From Hobbs, 1972)

#### Gonopods



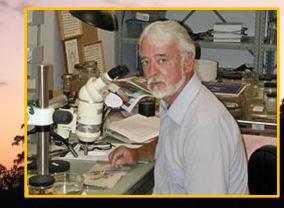
### How do I view this dang Mudbug?



(From Cooper, 2004)

### The End





Dr. Cooper (NCSM)

Chris Riggert (MDC)